Please check the examination deta	ails below before ent	ering your candidate information
Candidate surname		Other names
Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Sample Assessment Materials fo	r first teaching S	eptember 2018
(Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)	Paper R	Reference WMA12/01
Mathematics		
International Advance Pure Mathematics P2	d Subsidiar	y/Advanced Level
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Star	tistical Tables, ca	lculator Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ▶

S59755A
©2018 Pearson Education Ltd.
1/1/1/1/





Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

1. $f(x) = x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + ax + b,$

where a and b are constants.

When f(x) is divided by (x - 1), the remainder is 7

(a) Show that a + b = 3

(2)

When f(x) is divided by (x + 2), the remainder is -8

(b) Find the value of a and the value of b

(5)

uestion 1 continued	
	(Total for Question 1 is 7 marks)

2.	The first term of a geometric series is 20 and the common ratio is $\frac{7}{8}$. The sum to infinity of the series is S_{∞}
	(a) Find the value of S_{∞} (2)
	The sum to N terms of the series is S_N
	(b) Find, to 1 decimal place, the value of S_{12} (2)
	(c) Find the smallest value of N, for which $S_{\infty} - S_N < 0.5$
	(4)

	Leave
	blank
Question 2 continued	

uestion 2 continued		Lea bla
		Q2
	(Total for Question 2 is 8 marks)	

 $y = \sqrt{3^x + x}$ 3.

(a) Complete the table below, giving the values of y to 3 decimal places.

x	0	0.25	0.5	0.75	1	
у	1	1.251			2	
			-			(2)

(b) Use the trapezium rule with all the values of y from your table to find an approximation for the value of

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{(3^x + x)} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

You must show clearly how you obtained your answer.

(4)

(c) Explain how the trapezium rule could be used to obtain a more accurate estimate for the value of

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{3^x + x} \, \mathrm{d}x \tag{1}$$

(1)

estion 3 continued	

uestion 3 continued	bla

Given $n \in \mathbb{N}$, prove, by exhaustion, that $n^2 + 2$ is not divisible by	y 4. (4)

Question 4 continued		Leave
		Q4
	(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)	

- 5. An arithmetic series has first term a and common difference d.
 - (a) Prove that the sum of the first n terms of the series is

$$\frac{1}{2}n[2a+(n-1)d]$$

A company, which is making 200 mobile phones each week, plans to increase its production.

The number of mobile phones produced is to be increased by 20 each week from 200 in week 1 to 220 in week 2, to 240 in week 3 and so on, until it is producing 600 in week N.

(b) Find the value of N

(2)

(4)

The company then plans to continue to make 600 mobile phones each week.

(c) Find the total number of mobile phones that will be made in the first 52 weeks starting from and including week 1.

- 1	= \
	71
•	\sim

uestion 5 continued	bl

Question 5 continued		Leave
		blank
	Question 5 continued	

Question 5 continued	blank
Question e continueu	
	Q5
(Total for Question 5 is 11 marks)	

· · ·		
. (i) Find the	e exact value of x for which	
	$\log_2(2x) = \log_2(5x + 4) - 3$	
		(4)
(ii) Given th	hat	
	$\log_a y + 3\log_a 2 = 5$	
over modes	win tames of a Cive year anaryon in its simulant forms	
express	y in terms of a. Give your answer in its simplest form.	(3)

Leav blan	tinued	uestion 6
<u>Q6</u>		
n	(Total for Question 6 is 7 m	

7.

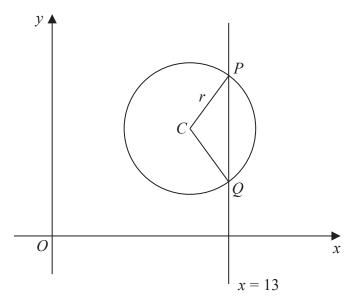


Figure 1

The circle with equation

$$x^2 + y^2 - 20x - 16y + 139 = 0$$

had centre C and radius r.

(a) Find the coordinates of C.

(2)

(b) Show that r = 5

(2)

The line with equation x = 13 crosses the circle at the points P and Q as shown in Figure 1.

(c) Find the y coordinate of P and the y coordinate of Q.

(3)

A tangent to the circle from O touches the circle at point X.

(d) Find, in surd form, the length OX.

(3)

uestion 7 continued	

	Leave
	blank
Question 7 continued	

Question 7 continued		Leave
		Q7
	(Total for Organian 7 is 10 months)	
	(Total for Question 7 is 10 marks)	

8.

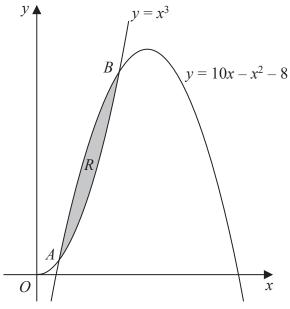


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curves C_1 and C_2 with equations

$$C_1$$
: $y = 10x - x^2 - 8$ $x > 0$

$$C_2$$
: $y = x^3$ $x > 0$

The curves C_1 and C_2 intersect at the points A and B.

(a) Verify that the point A has coordinates (1, 1)

(1)

(b) Use algebra to find the coordinates of the point B

(6)

The finite region R is bounded by C_1 and C_2

(c) Use calculus to find the exact area of R

(5)

uestion 8 continued	

	Leave
	blank
Question 8 continued	

Overtion 8 continued	Leav blan
Question 8 continued	
	Q8
	(Total for Question 8 is 12 marks)

9. (i) Solve, for $0 \le \theta < \pi$, the equation

$$\sin 3\theta - \sqrt{3}\cos 3\theta = 0$$

giving your answers in terms of π

(3)

(ii) Given that

$$4\sin^2 x + \cos x = 4 - k, \quad 0 \leqslant k \leqslant 3$$

(a) find $\cos x$ in terms of k

- (3)
- (b) When k = 3, find the values of x in the range $0 \le x < 360^{\circ}$

estion 9 continued		

Question 9 continued	blank
	\perp

Question 9 continued		blan
		Q9
	(Total for Question 9 is 9 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS	